



Physical Control of the Biogeochemical Processes in the Lower Changjiang (Yangtze River) Estuary

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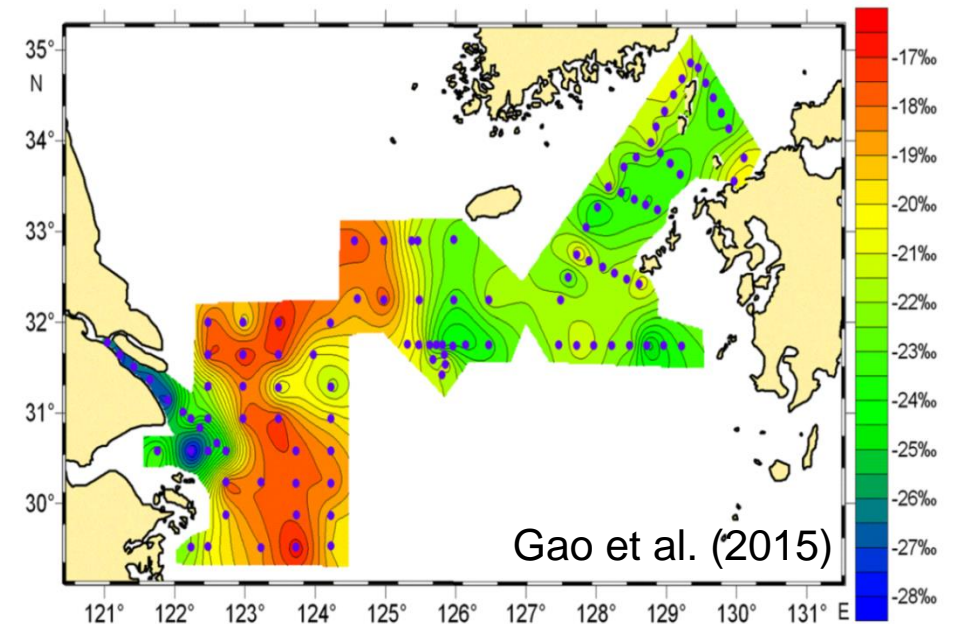
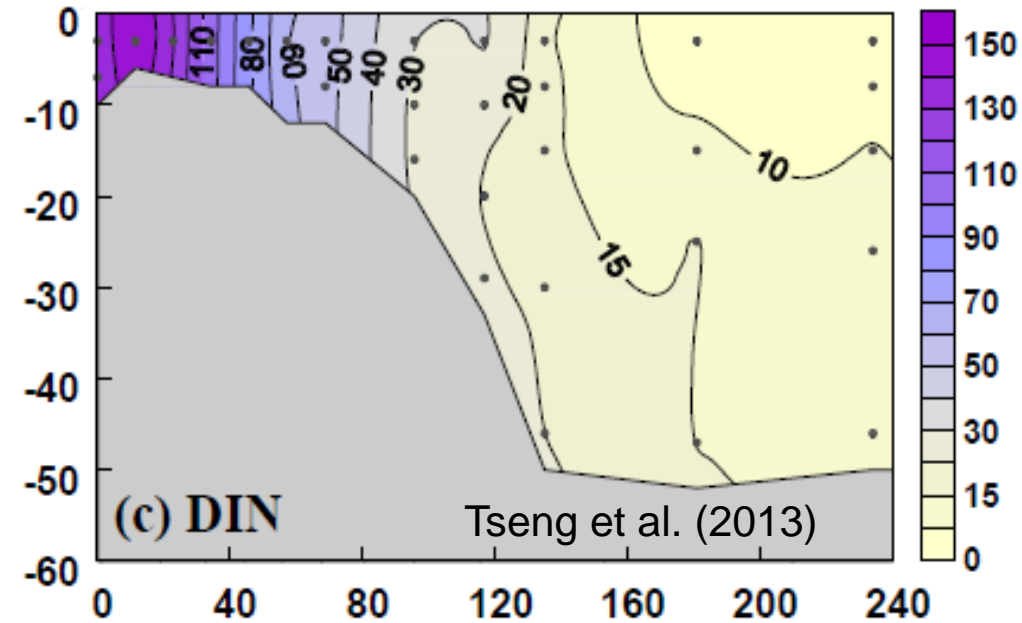
Key issues for the Changjiang Estuary biogeochemistry

■ Fast nutrient decrease

Is the nutrient gradient due to intense mixing or biological assumption?

■ Phytoplankton blooms in the offshore areas

- What is the relation of phytoplankton blooms to the river plume dynamics?
- Are they controlled by single process or multiple processes?



Research cruise

Acrobat-Environmental Sensing System (AESS)

□ Acrobat (Sea Sciences)

a towed, undulated vehicle

□ AML-MVP CTD

sampling frequency: 25 Hz

□ RBR Concerto logger

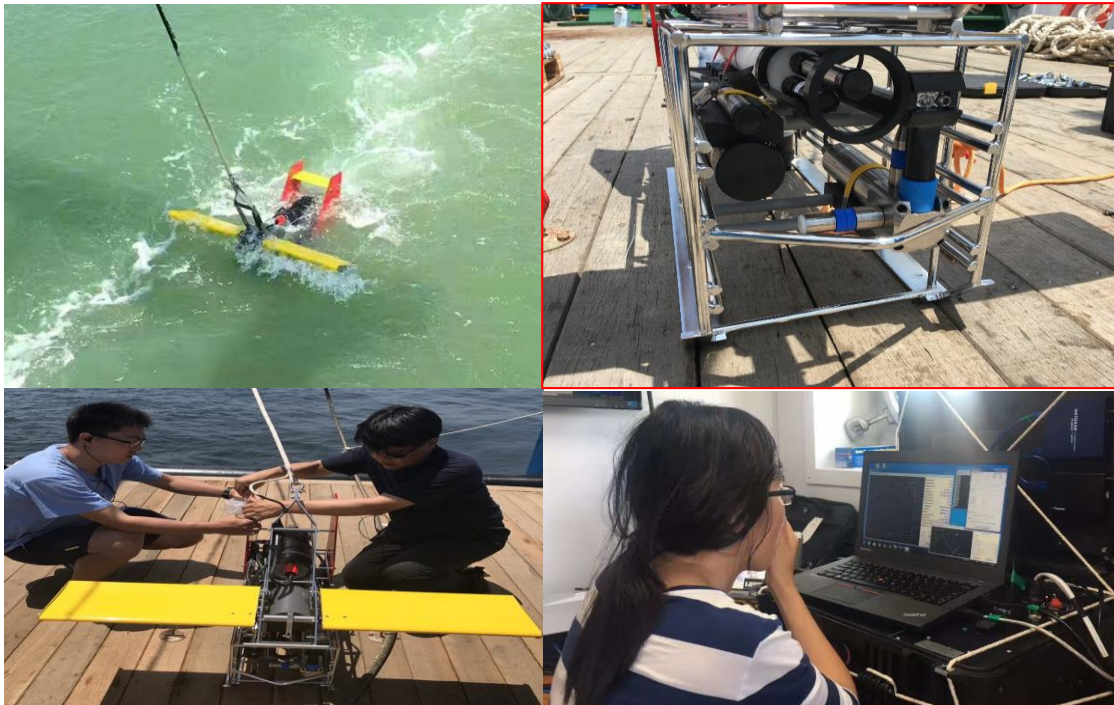
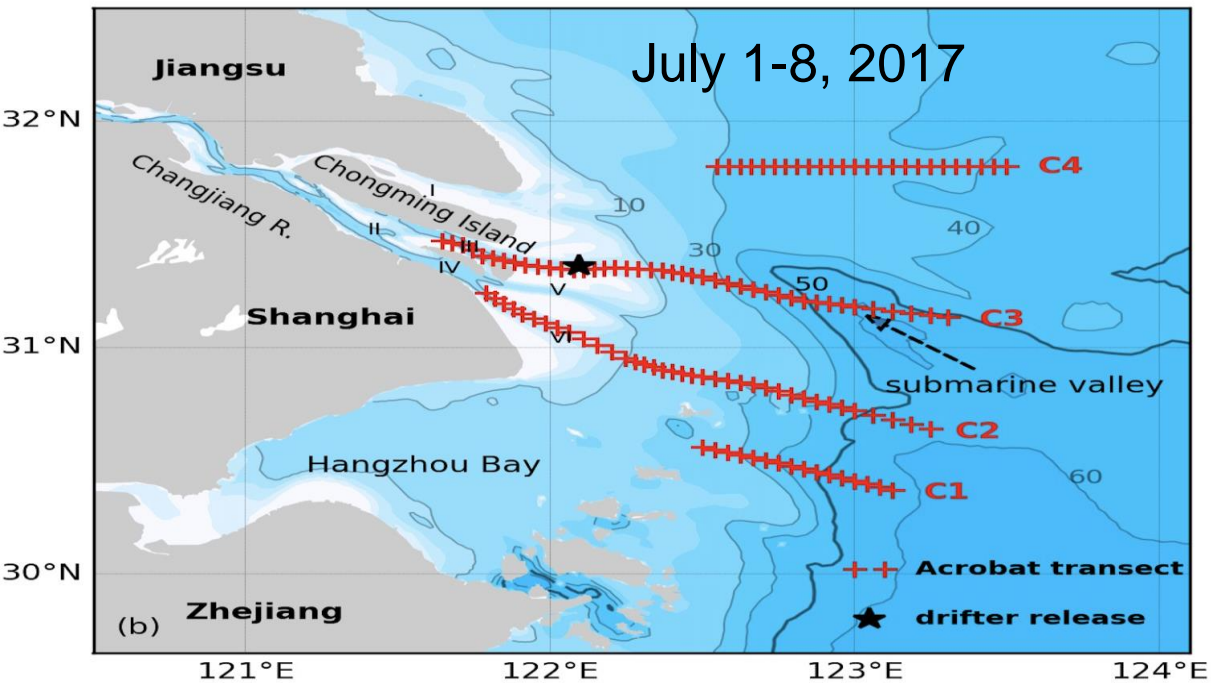
sampling frequency: 12 Hz

- CDOM
- turbidity
- PAR
- fluorescence

Horizontal resolution

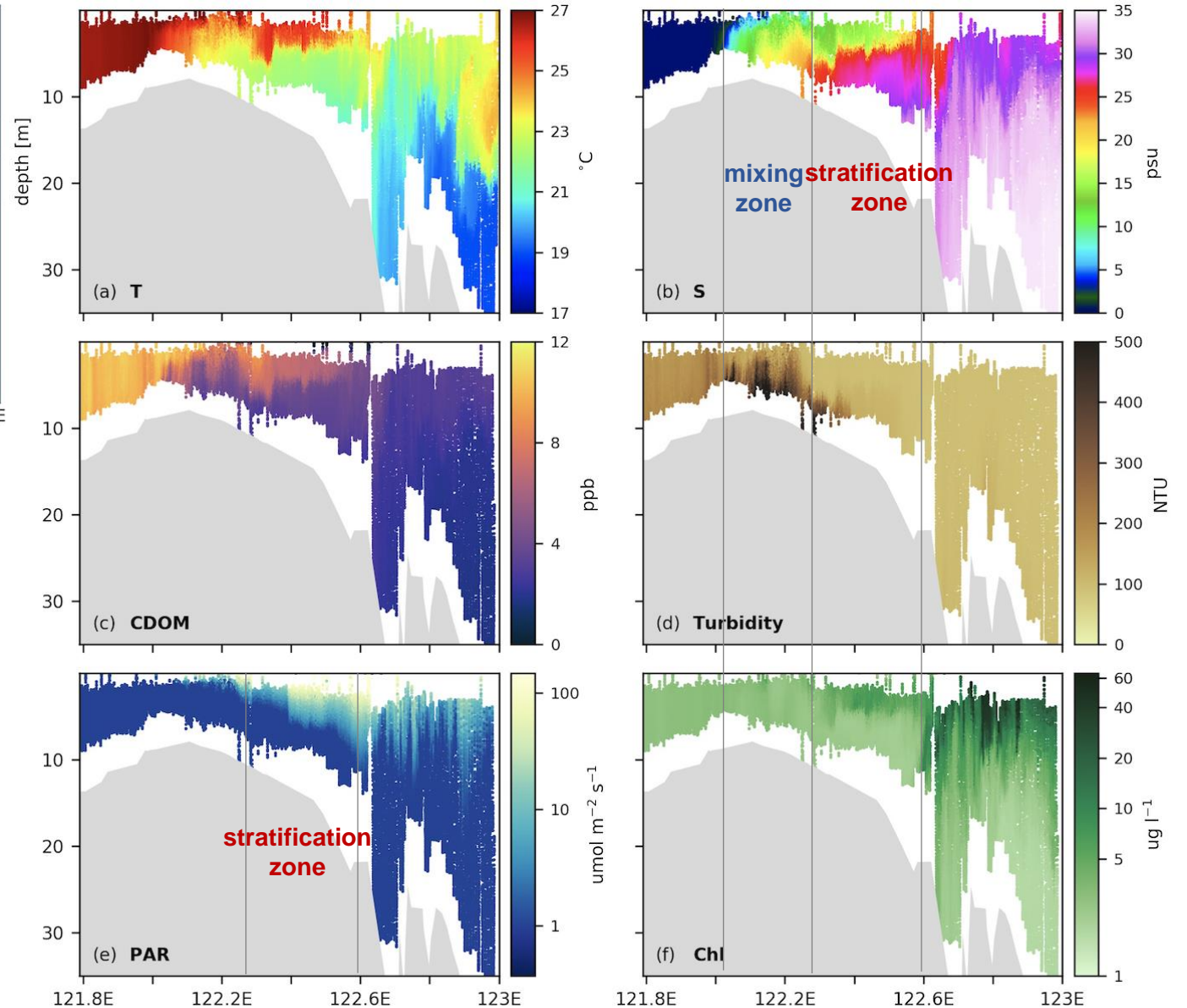
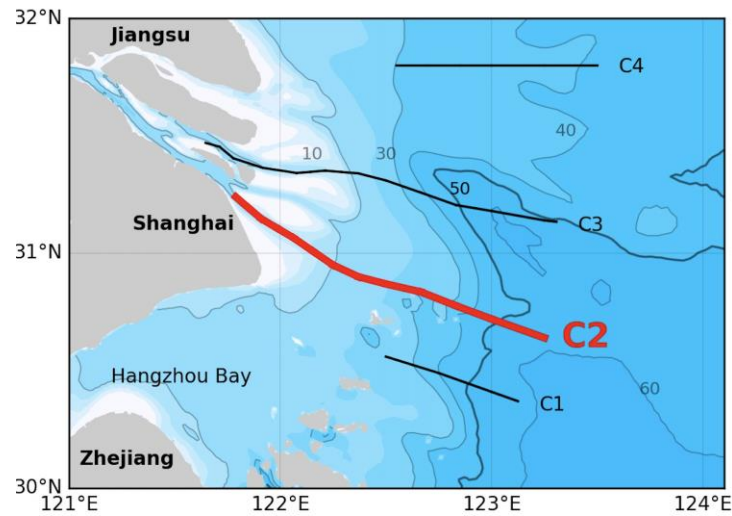
200-400m in shallow waters

~1km in offshore regions



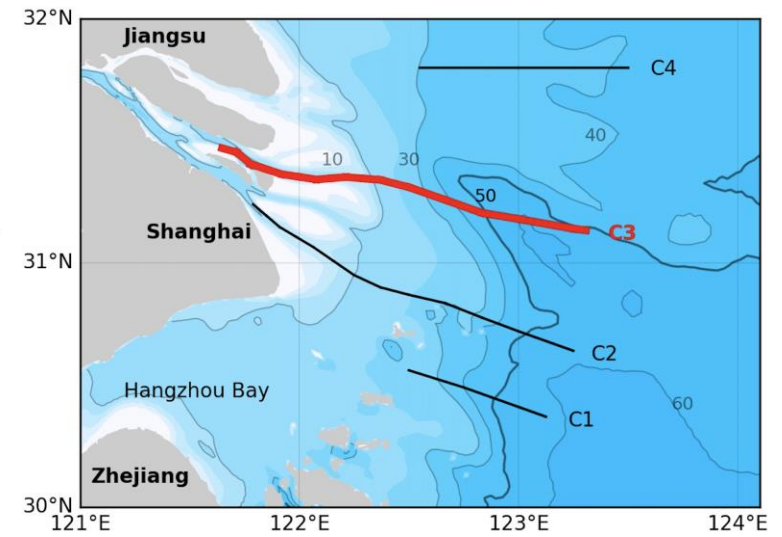
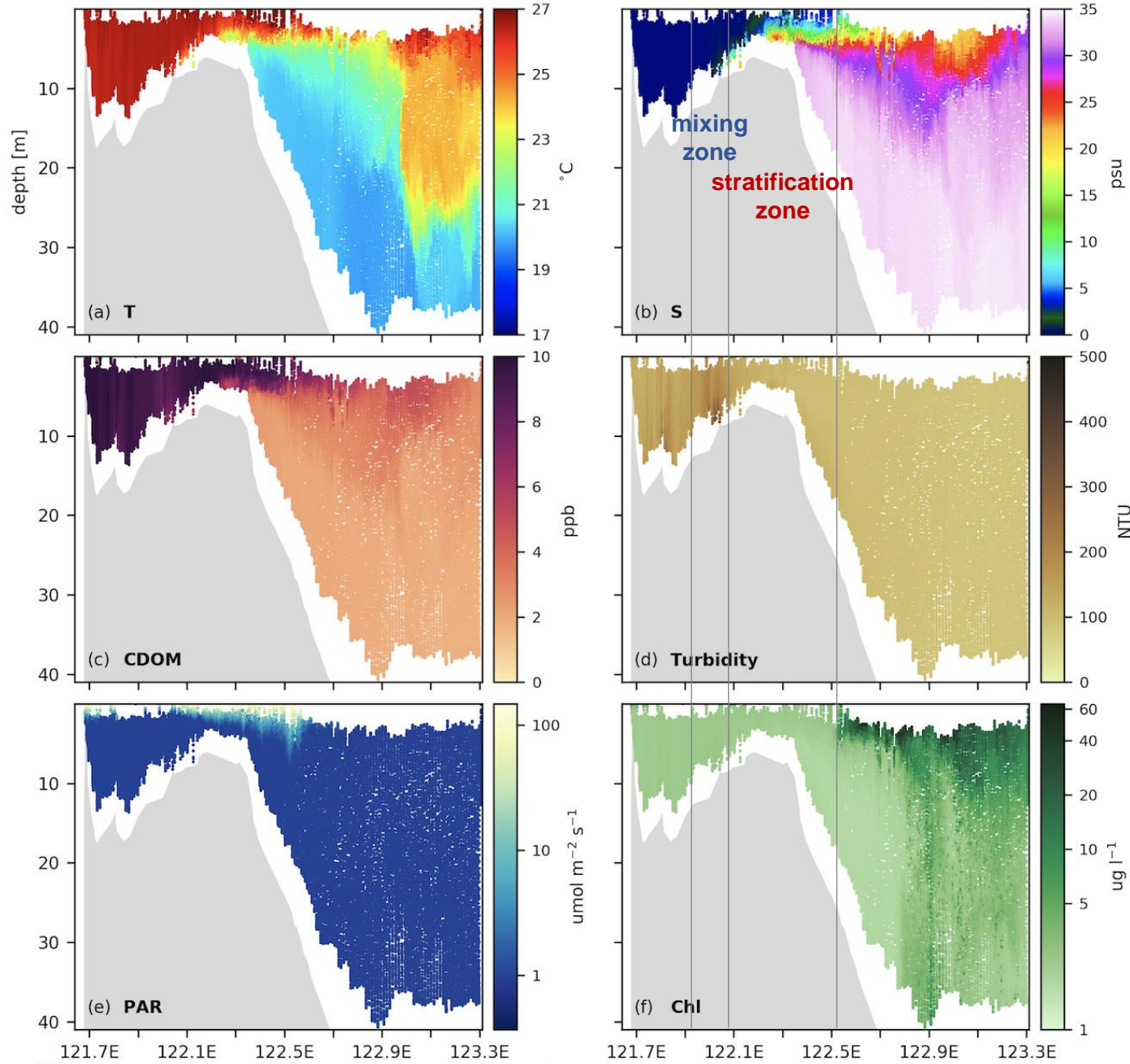
Role of mixing/stratification in sedimentation, light and primary production

Transect C2



- Primary production is initialized by a rapid development of stratification seaward of the mixing zone.

Transect C3

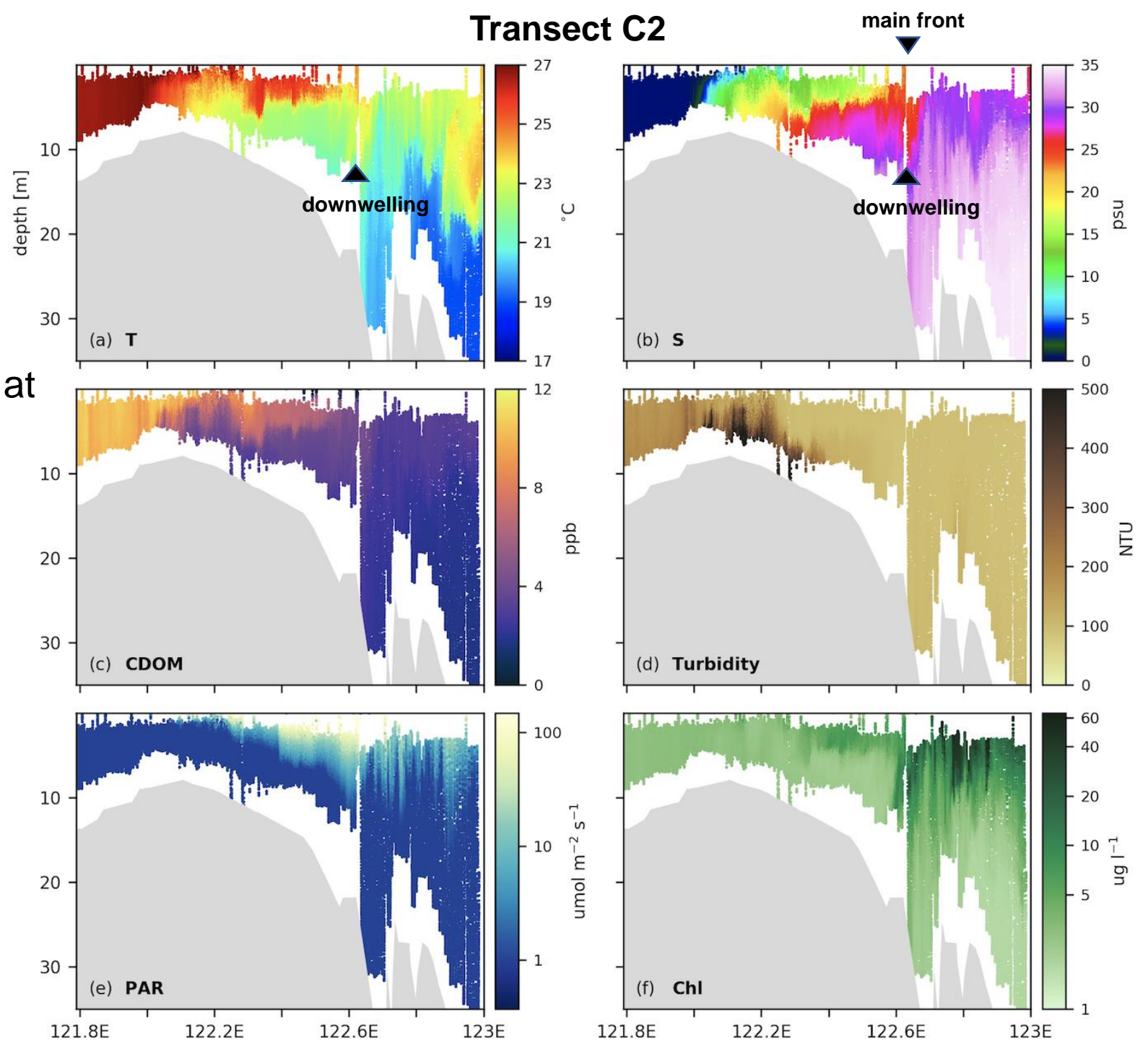


- The turbidity maximum zone is less prominent.
- Strong plume currents due to shallow topography prevent accumulations of phytoplankton in the stratified area.

Plume frontal processes and phytoplankton accumulation

Phytoplankton blooms are initialized at the main plume front due to

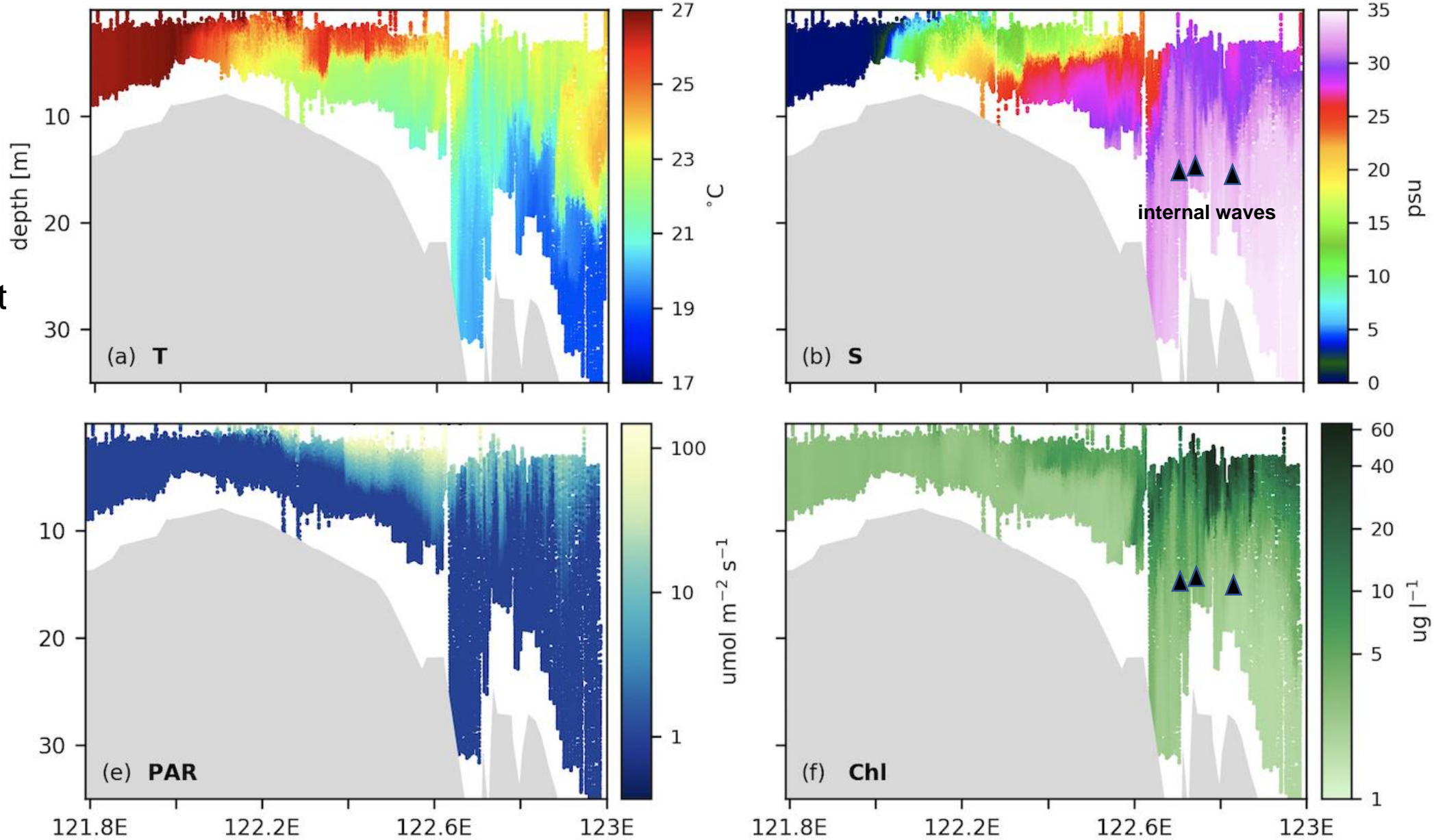
- downwelling
- mass convergence
- vertical mixing



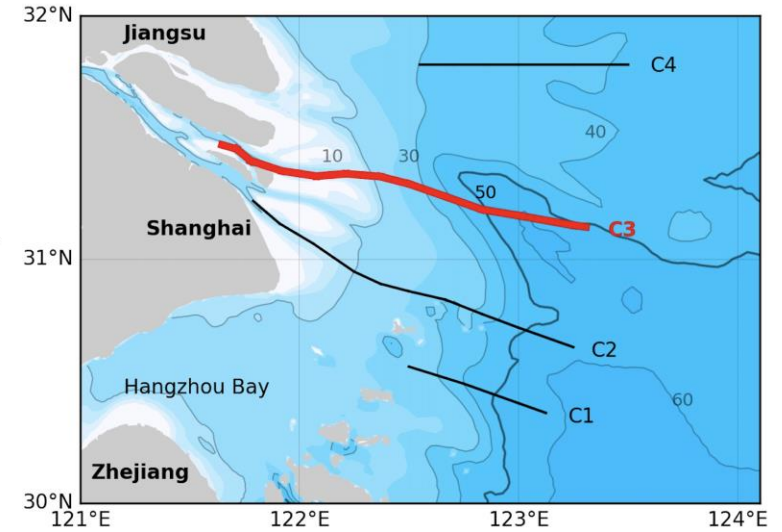
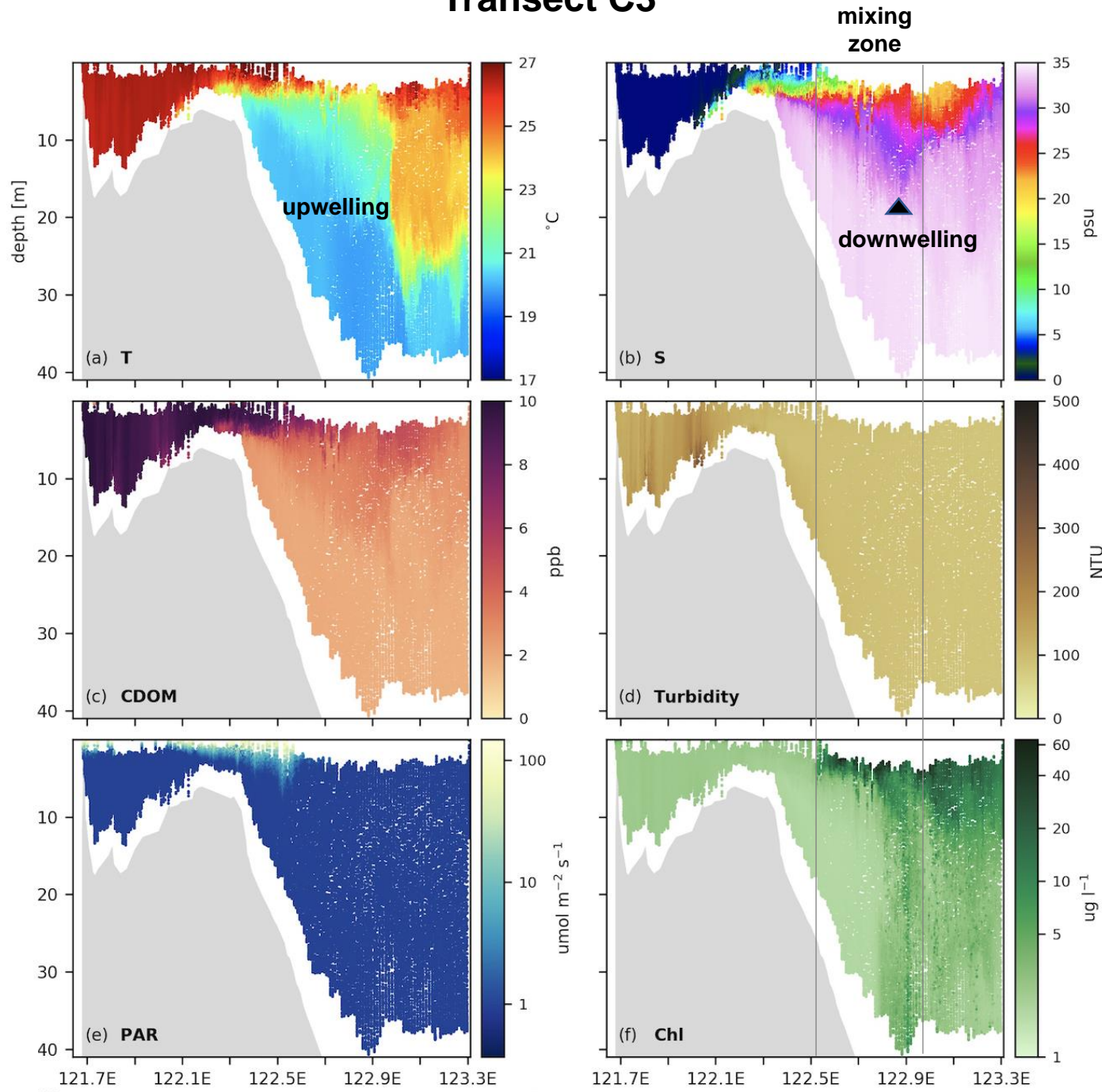
Internal waves

- seaward of the main plume front
- an undulation of plume thickness and high-Chl layers up to ~10m.

Transect C2

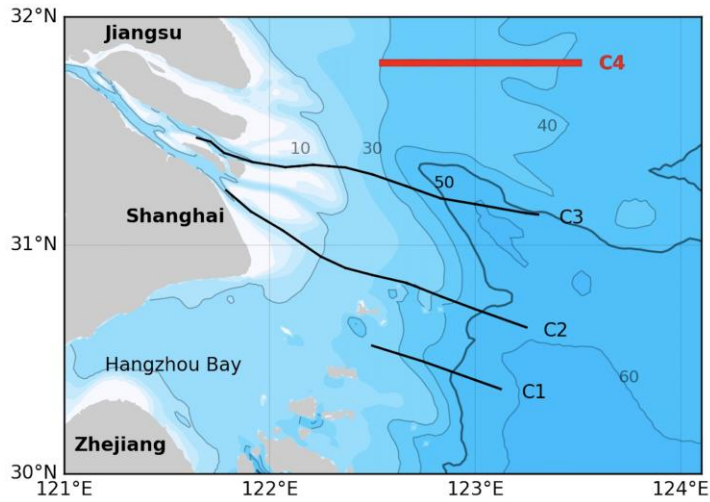


Transect C3

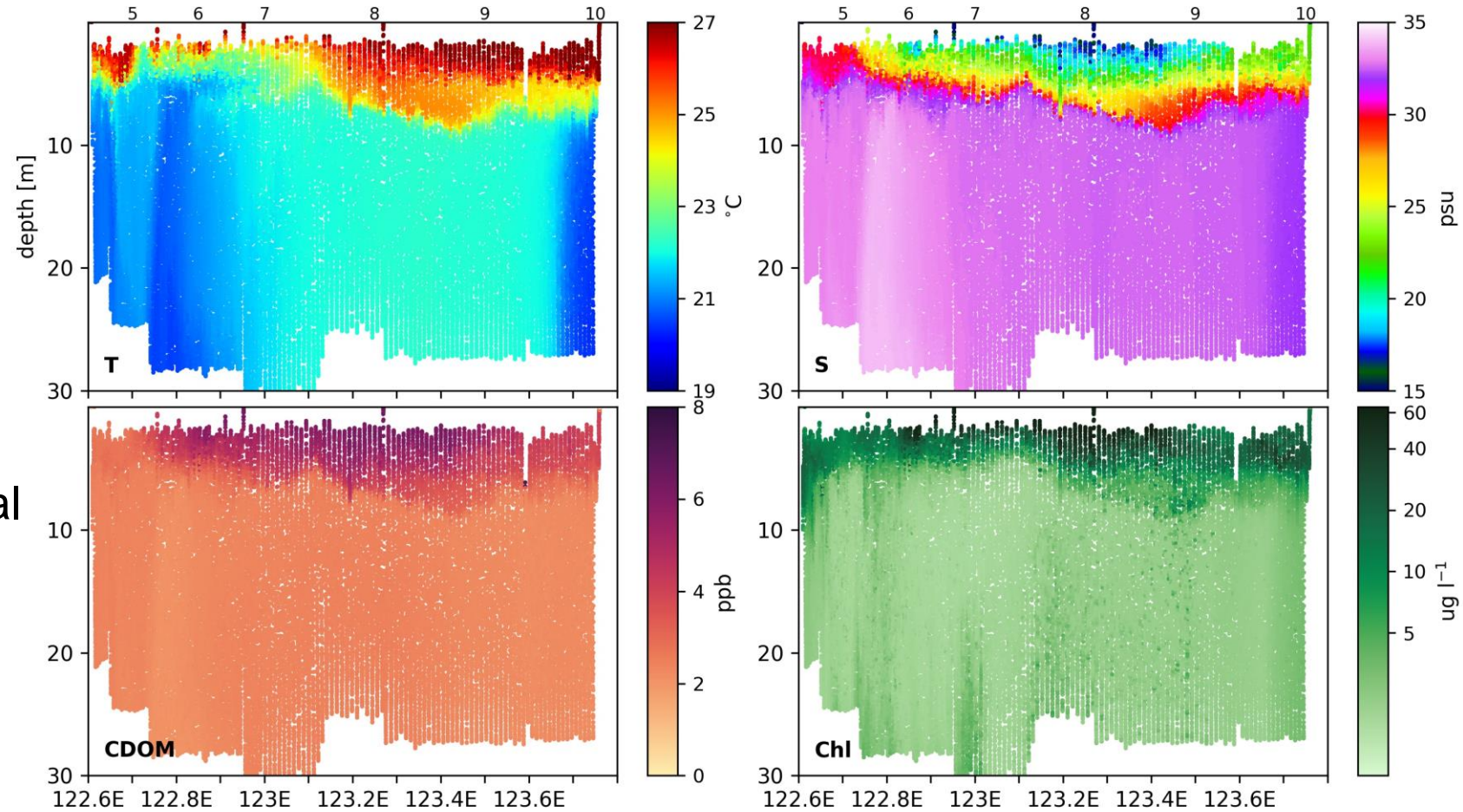


- The frontal mixing occurs over a wide region.
- Phytoplankton blooms are initialized by the frontal mixing.
- Upwelling occurs on the west flank of the submarine valley.

Upwelling and the ecosystem production in the northern estuary

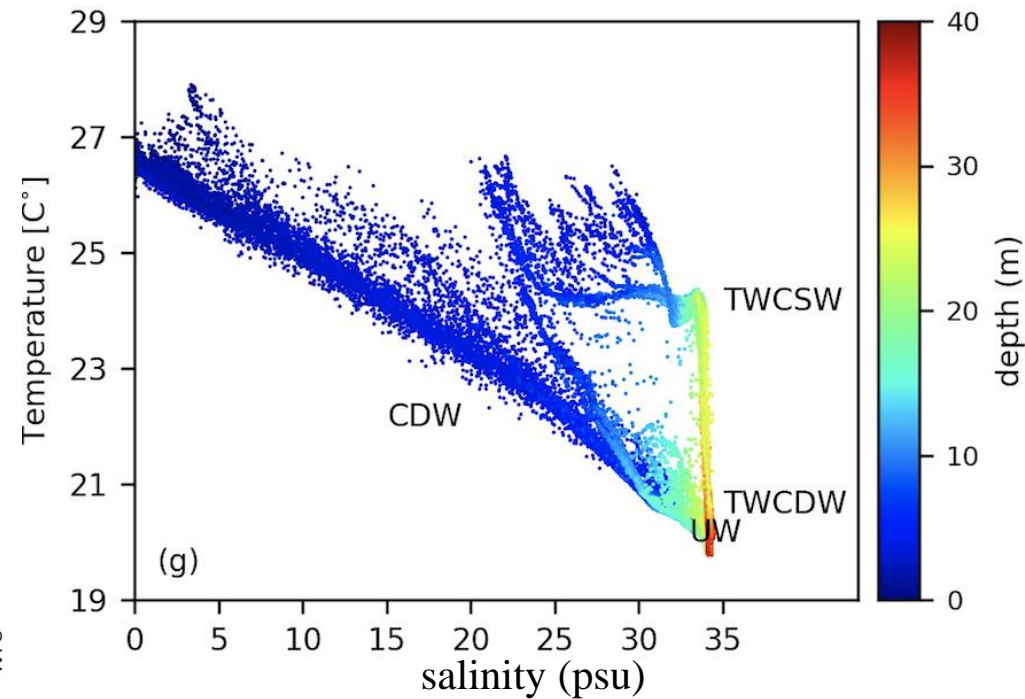
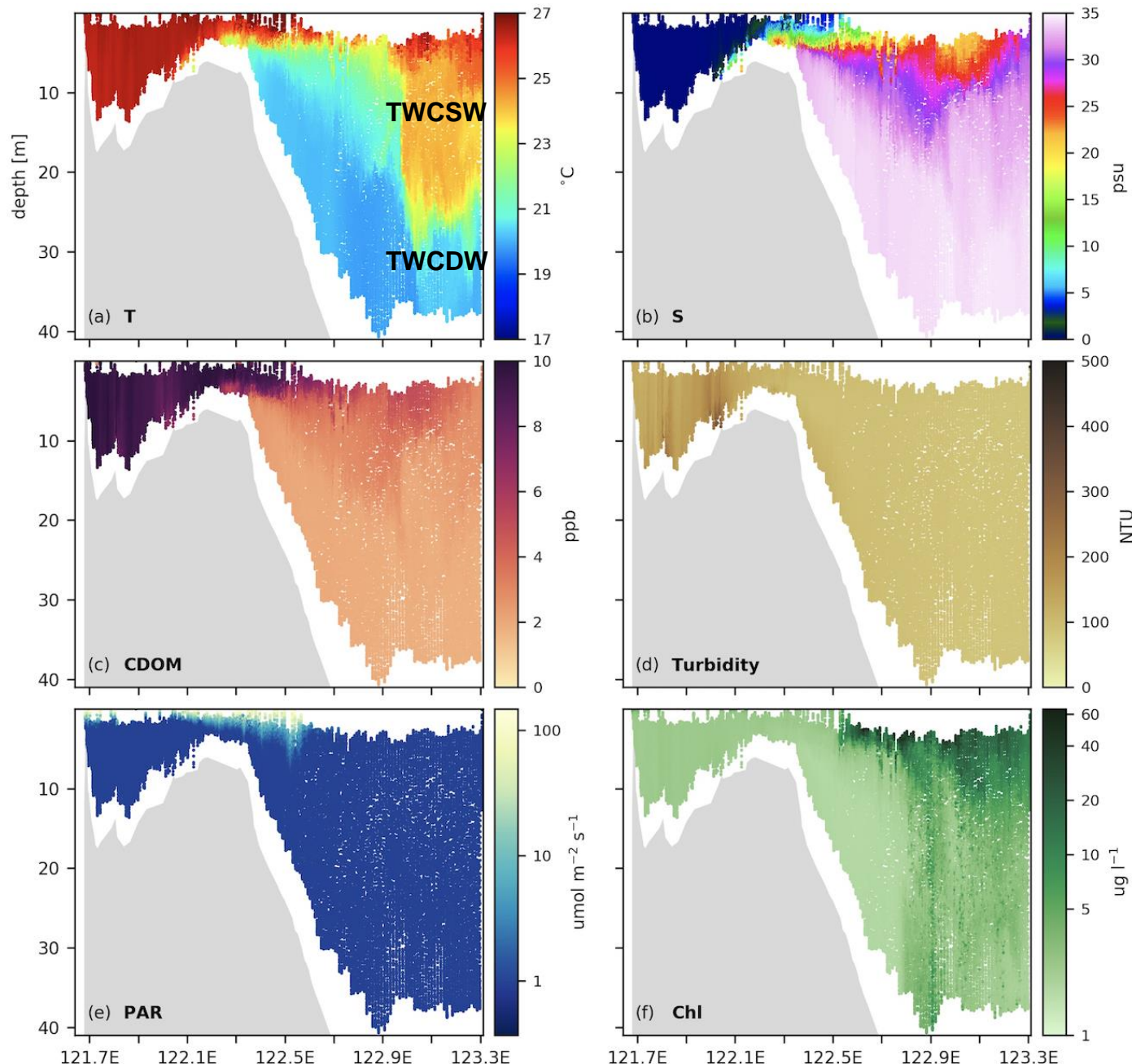


Transect C4



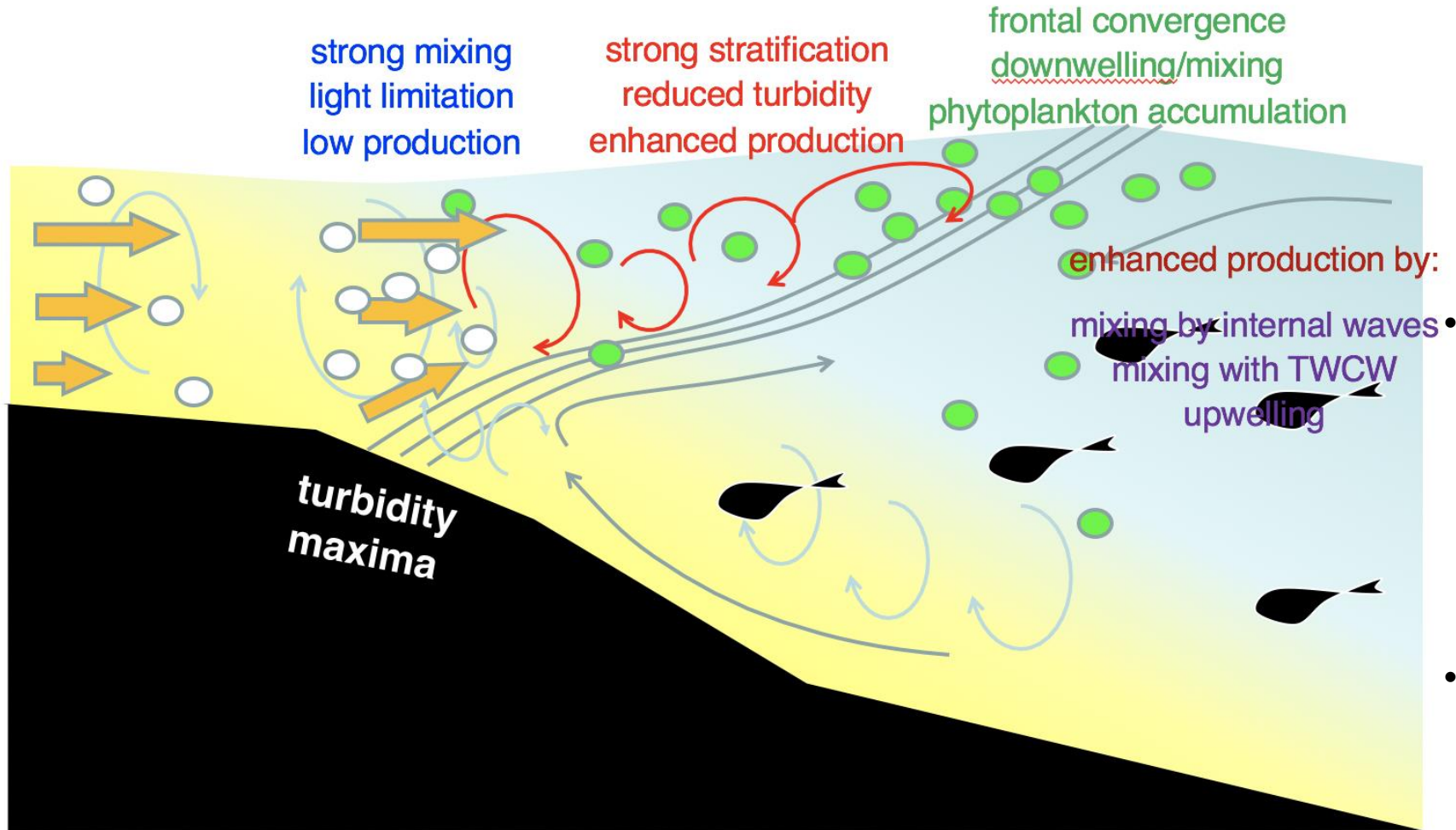
Upwelled water enhances the local primary production in the northern estuary.

The Taiwan Warm Current Water (TWCW) and biological production



Interaction between the plume water and the TWCW by frontal mixing results in high production.

Conclusions



- The estuary primary production is initialized by a rapid development of stratification seaward of the mixing zone, which creates the large nutrient gradient.
- Phytoplankton blooms can be initialized by a couple of frontal processes including convergence, downwelling, vertical mixing and internal waves.
- Upwelling and the intrusion of oceanic waters can promote the production and phytoplankton blooms.